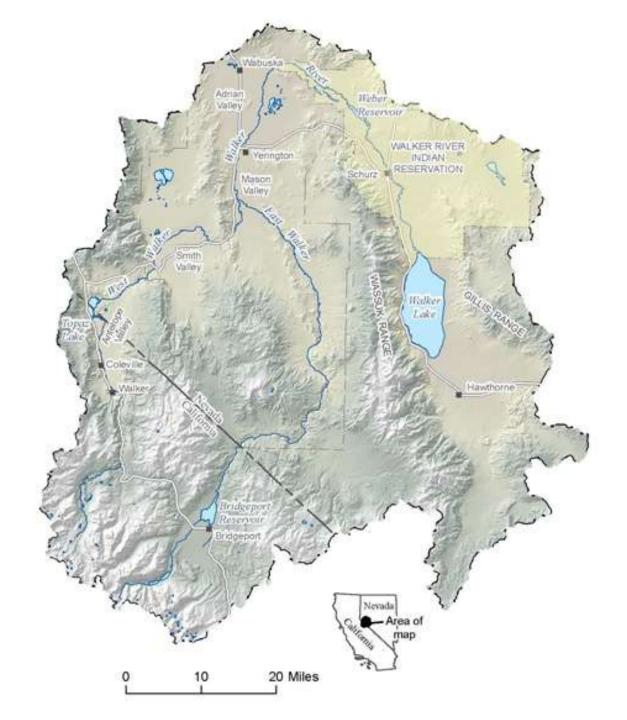


Walker River Workshops

Smith: August 27, 2015 and Yerington: August 28,

2015

CONSERVATION &
NATURAL RESOURCES



Agenda

- Review of the issues and actions
- Climate outlook for winter of 2015-2016
- Recent pumpage tabulations
- Review of Mason and Smith Valley pumpage tool
- Recent DRI modeling results supplemental rights only
- NRCS streamflow forecast for surface water supply and curtailment
- Curtailment sliding scale
- Priority tables
- Schedule of actions and hearings
- Q&A

Recent Actions

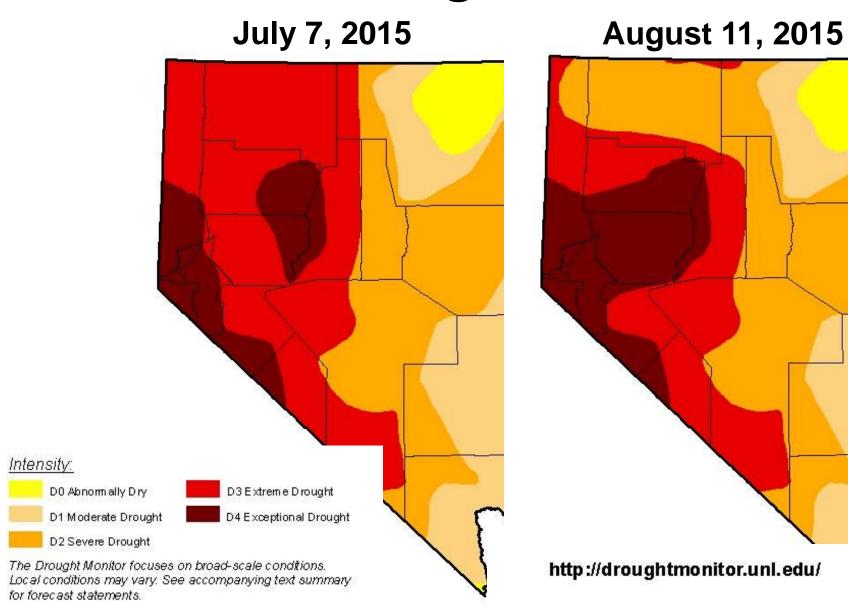
- Public meetings held January 22, 2015
- Issued Order 1250 on February 3, 2015
 - Called for 50% curtailment of pumping of supplemental groundwater rights
 - Required properly installed and accurate meters
- Order appealed and Preliminary Injunction issued
- Court case is pending
- Workshops held July 15 & 16, 2015
 - Water levels continue decline
 - Drought worsening
 - New Curtailment Order required for 2016

Hydrologic Conditions

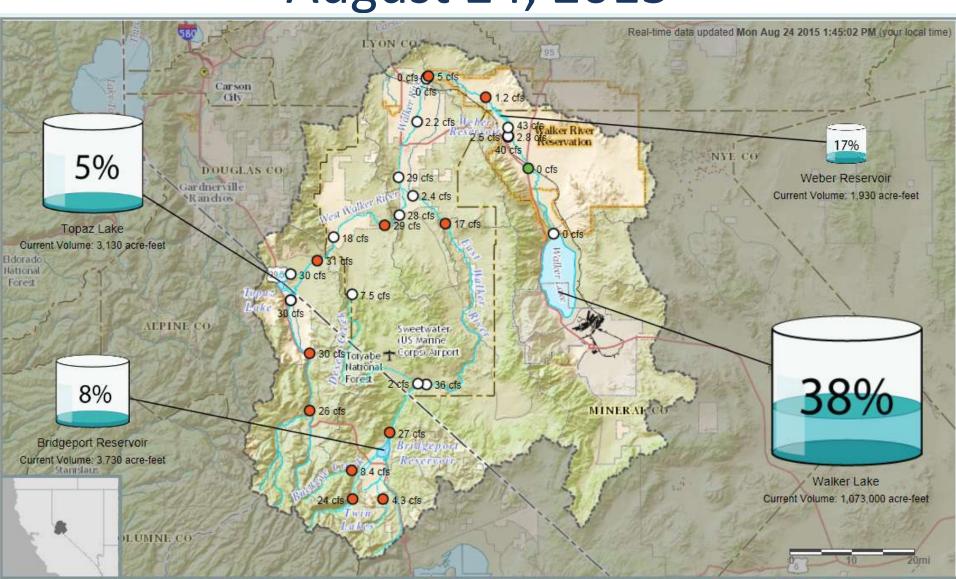
&

Climate Forecast

Current Drought Conditions

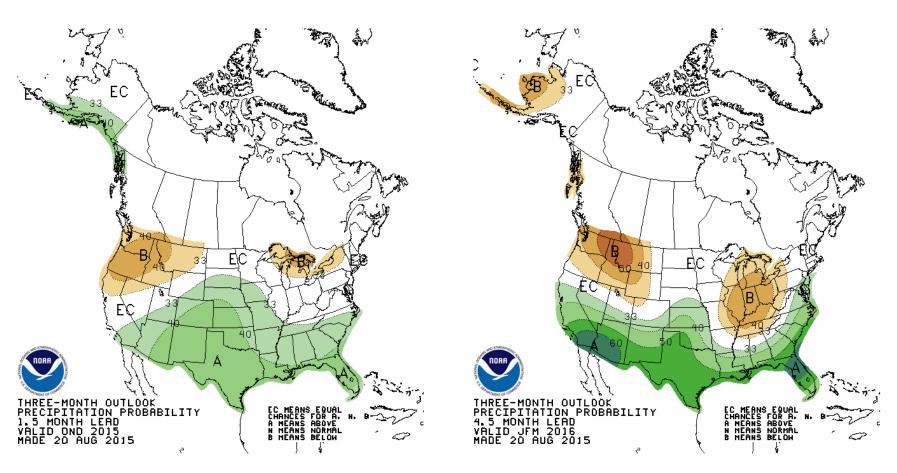


Walker Basin Reservoir Storage August 24, 2015



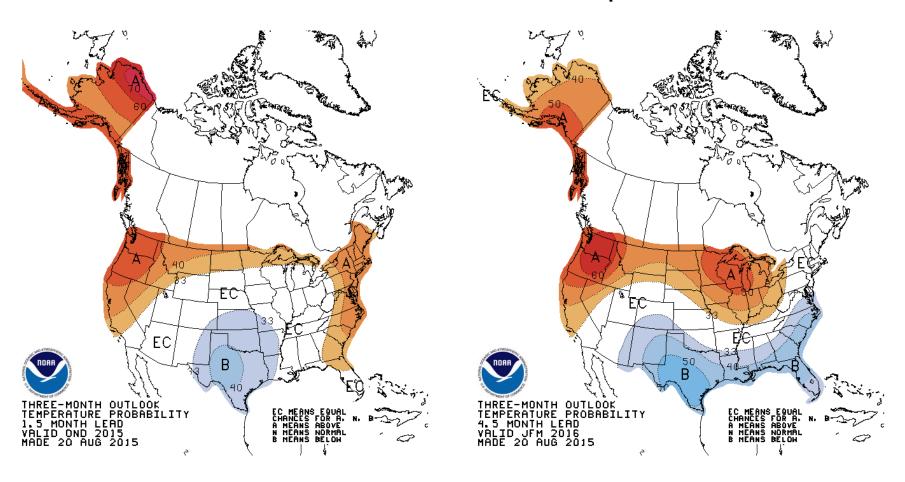
Weather/Climate Forecast

Three-Month Outlook - Precipitation

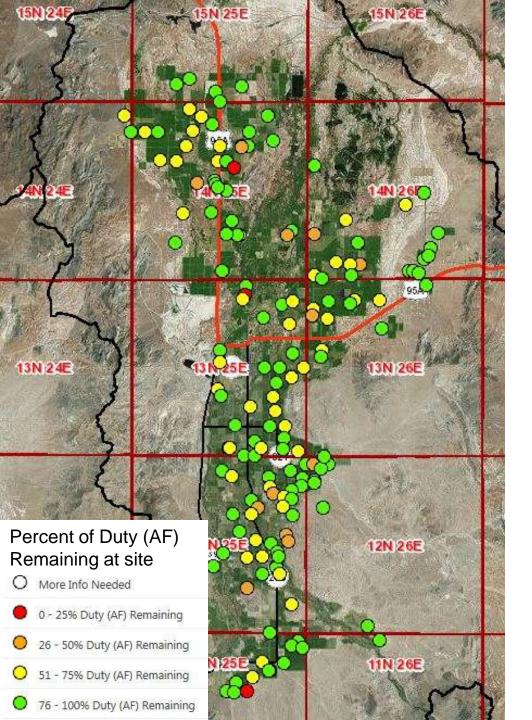


Weather/Climate Forecast

Three-Month Outlook - Temperature



2015 Pumping On-Line Pumping Resources

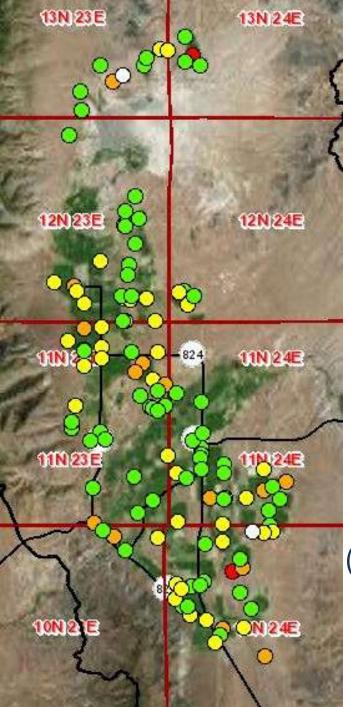


Mason Valley Irrigation Pumpage estimate as of August 1, 2015: 39,500 **Acre-Feet**

(2014 Ag pumping ~ 120,000 af)

Percent of Duty (AF) Remaining at site

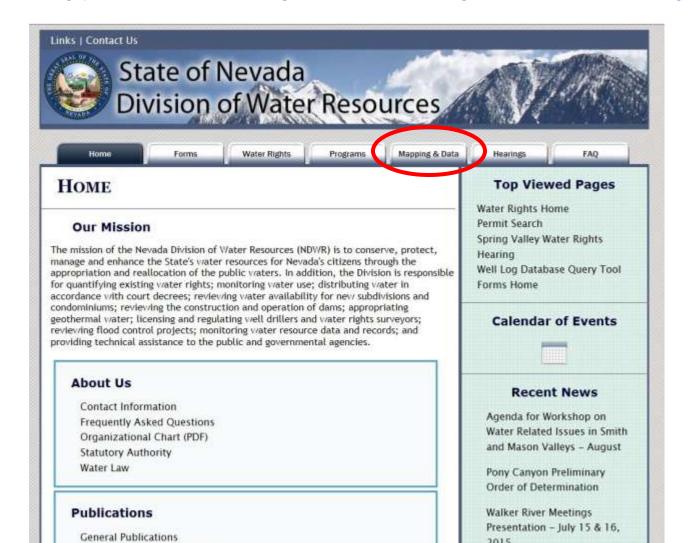
- O More Info Needed
- 0 25% Duty (AF) Remaining
- 26 50% Duty (AF) Remaining
- O 51 75% Duty (AF) Remaining
- 76 100% Duty (AF) Remaining

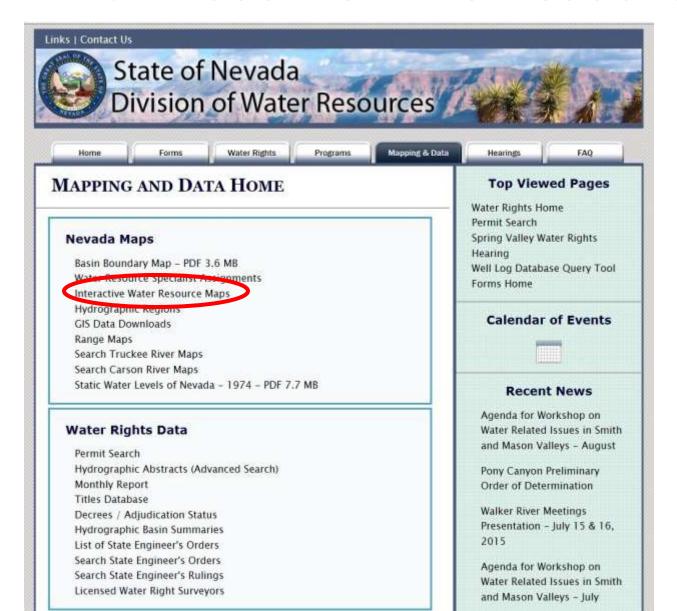


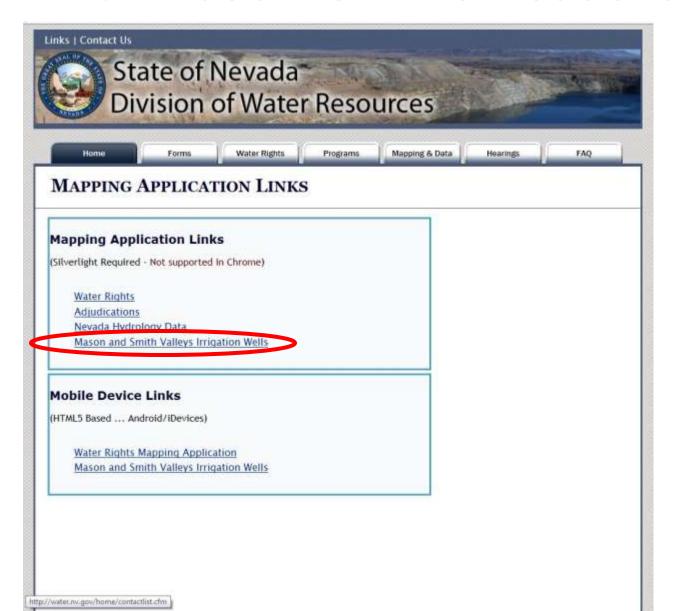
Smith Valley Irrigation Pumpage estimate as of August 1, 2015: 12,100 **Acre-Feet**

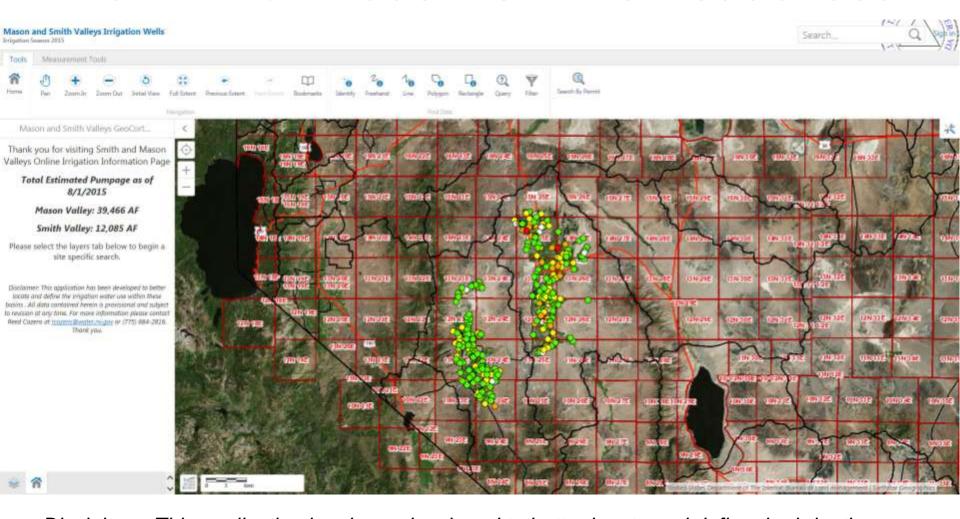
(2014 Ag pumping ~ 40,000 af)

Using your web browser go to the following url: http://water.nv.gov/

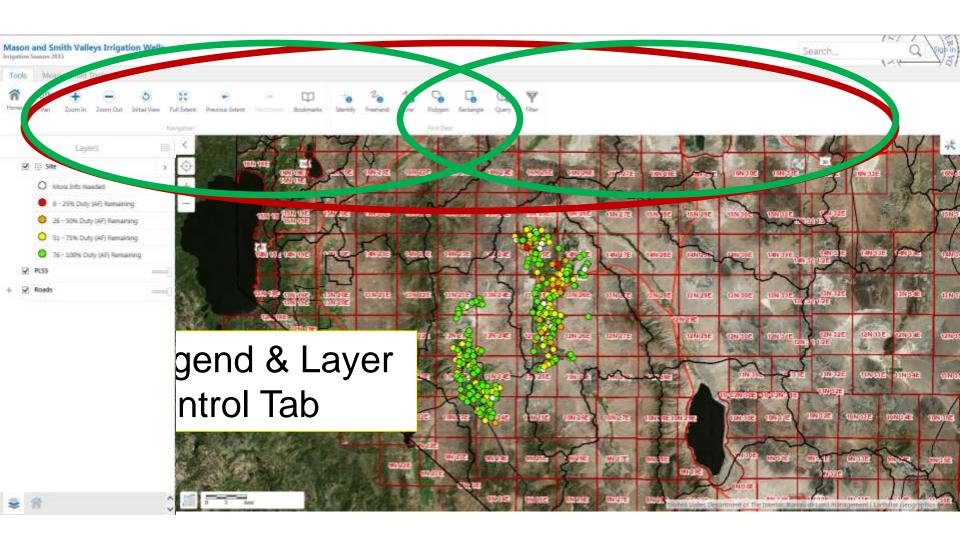


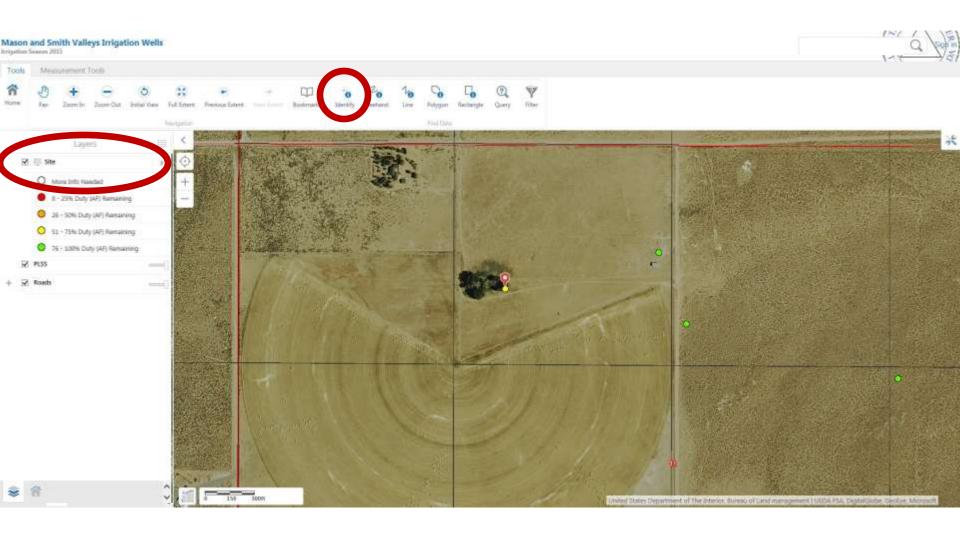


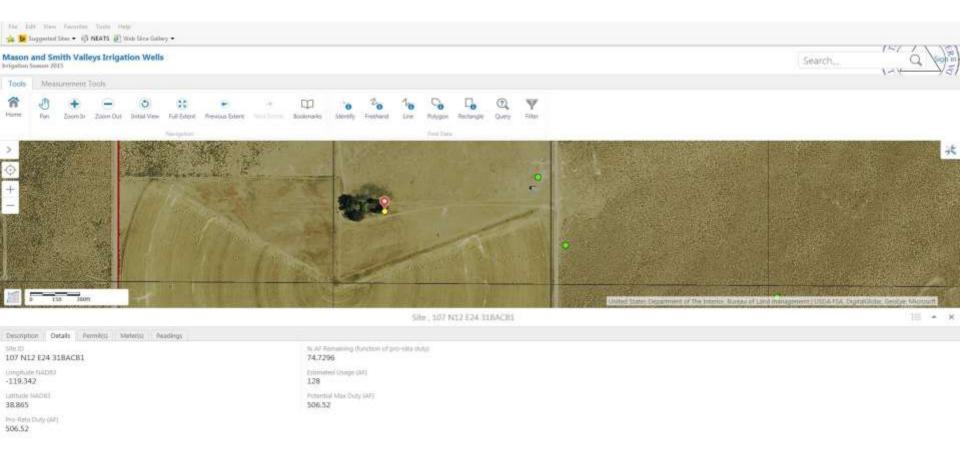




Disclaimer: This application has been developed to better locate and define the irrigation water use within these basins. All data contained herein is provisional and subject to revision at any time. For more information please contact Reed Cozens at rcozens@water.nv.gov or (775) 684-2816.







Modeling Results

&

Curtailment Details

2016 Curtailment

Supplemental Groundwater Only NOT All Priority Rights NOT Domestic Wells

DRI Models - Water Level Changes Caused by Pumpage

- DRI groundwater models for Mason and Smith Valleys
- To be used to quantify amount of curtailment needed to achieve targeted water-levels
- Use 2010 as proxy for average flow and diversions
- Uses March 2005 as baseline for water levels
- Simulating water-level changes for range of scenarios:
 - River flows of 20%, 40%, 60%, 80%, 100% of average
 - Pumpage curtailed by priority by 0%, 25%, 50%, and 75% of duty
 - Additional simulations where needed

Mason Valley Water Level Decline from Mar 2014 to Mar 2015 32% of Median Flow

Measured well

Water Level Decline Rates

> 8 feet/year

> 4 feet/year

Pumped 2014 AF/Y

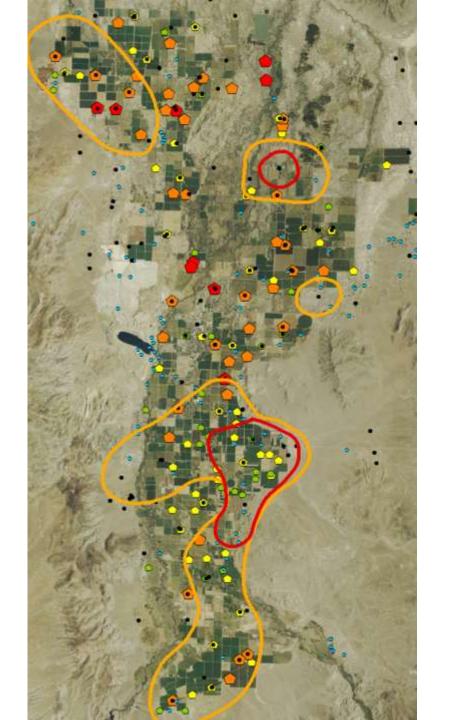
2000 - 3270

<u>1000 - 2000</u>

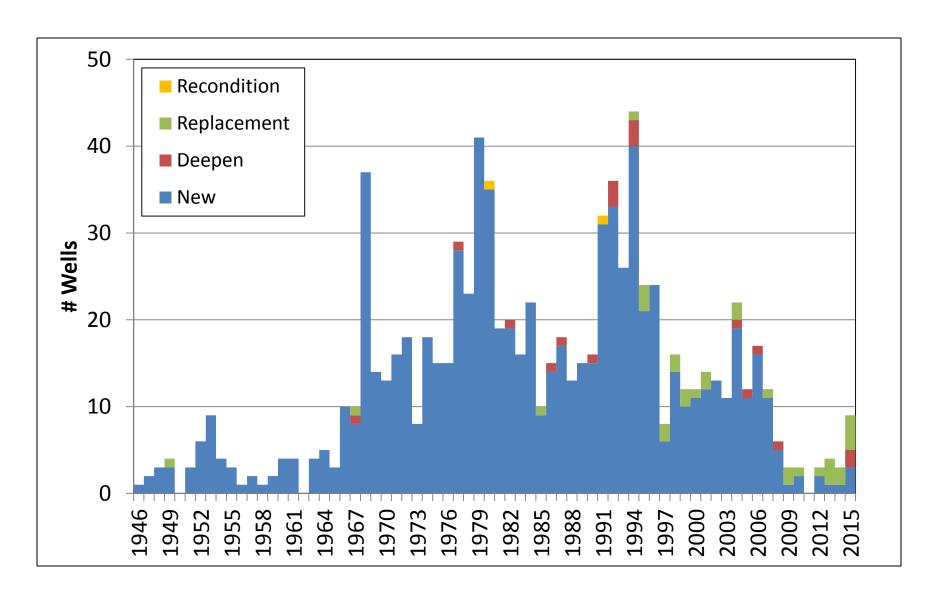
<u>6</u> 500 - 1000

<u>200 - 500</u>

0 - 200



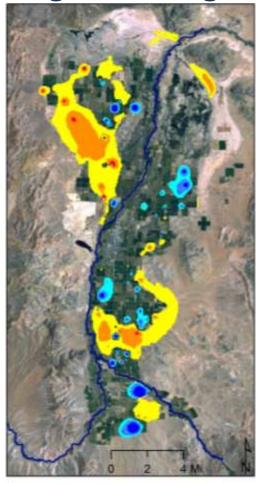
Mason Valley Domestic Wells



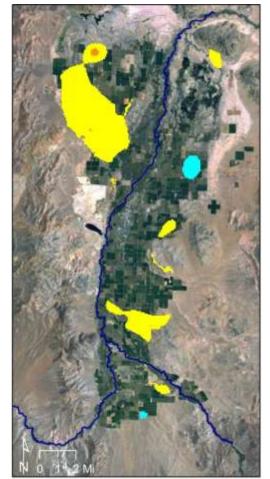
DRI Models - Water Level Changes

Streamflow = 60%; Curtailment = 25%

August to August



March to March



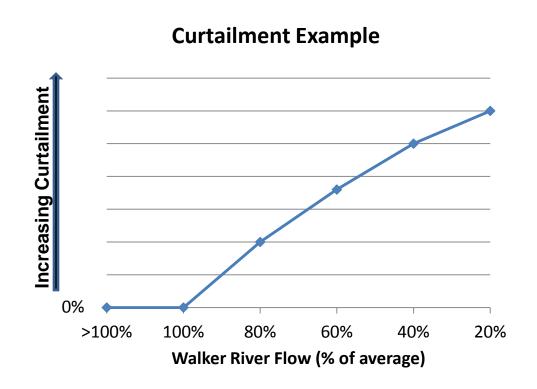
Drawdown (ft)

- <-8
- -8 to -4
- -4 to -2
- □ -2 to 2
- 2 to 4
- 4 to 8
- **8**<

* negative drawdown indicates rising water levels

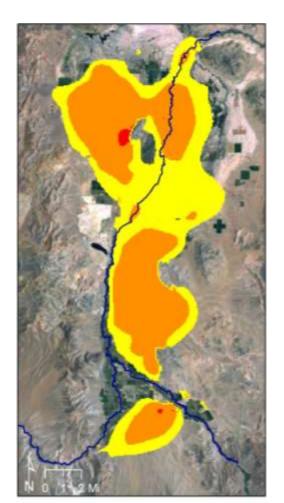
Discussion of Possible Curtailment in 2016

- Sliding scale
- Less curtailment if river flow is higher
- Priority dates
 determined for
 each
 curtailment

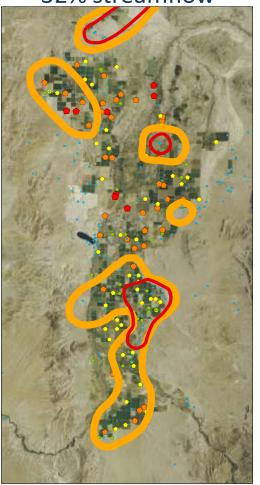


DRI Models - Water Level Changes Mason Modeled Versus Observed

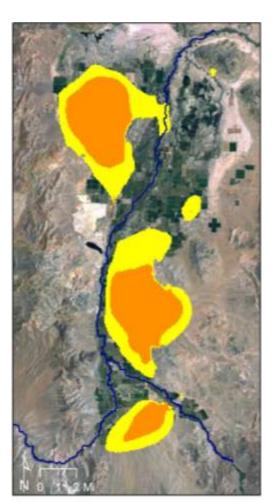
20% Streamflow



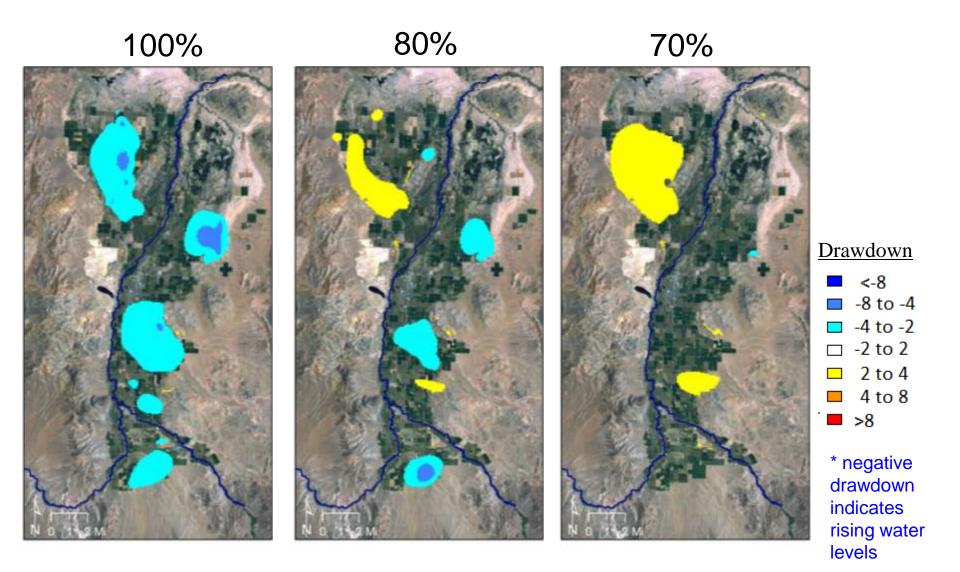
Measured Drawdown 32% streamflow



40% Streamflow

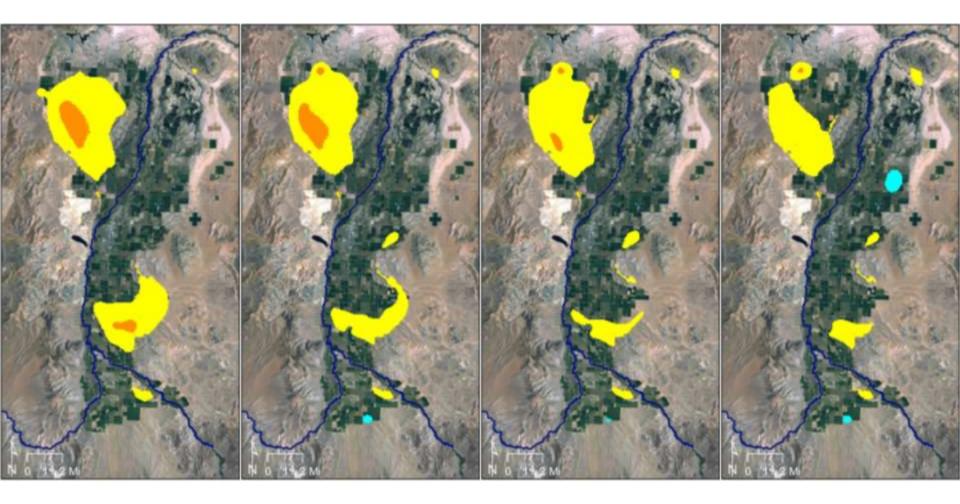


Streamflow % as shown, No Curtailment



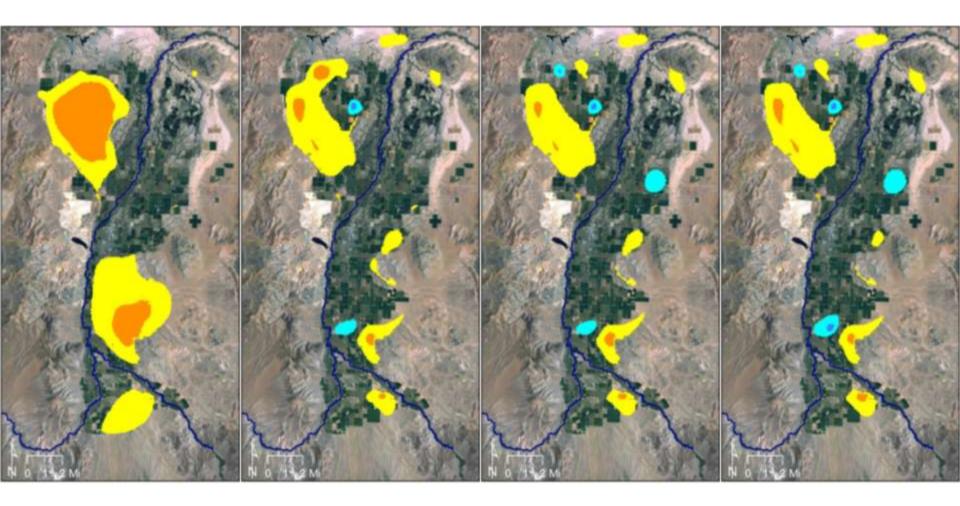
Streamflow = 60%

No Curtailment 20% 25% 30%



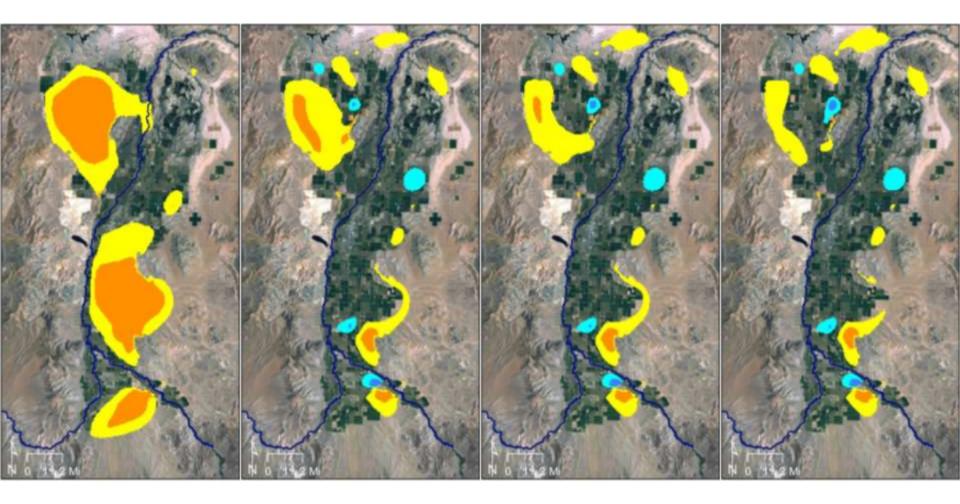
Streamflow = 50%

No Curtailment 45% 50% 55%



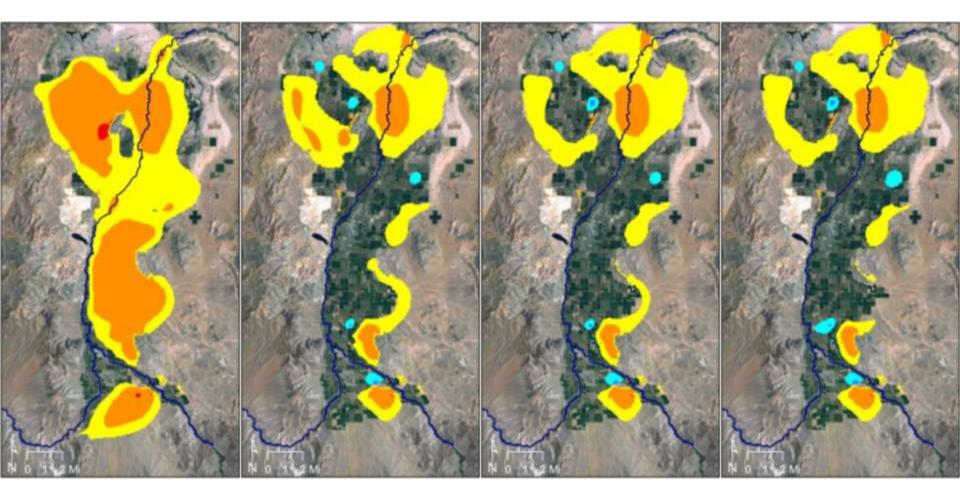
Streamflow = 40%

No Curtailment 60% 65% 70%



Streamflow = 20%

No Curtailment 65% 70% 75%



Smith Valley Water Level Decline from Mar 2014 to Mar 2015 35% of Median Flow

Water Level Decline Rates

> 8 feet/year

> 4 feet/year

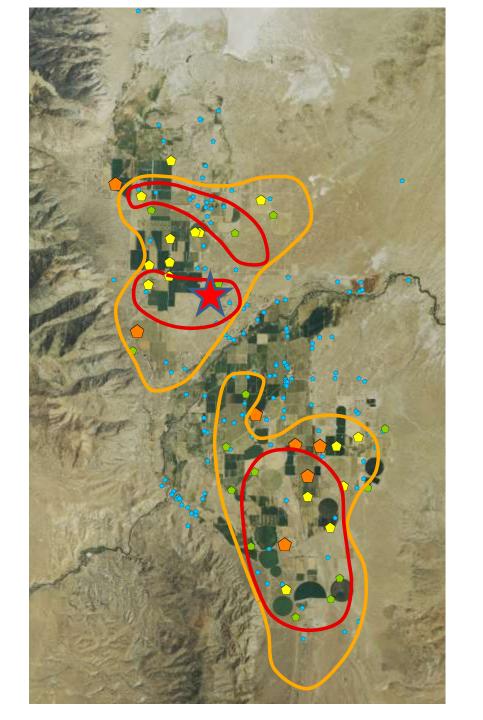
Pumped 2014 AF/Y

2000 - 3270

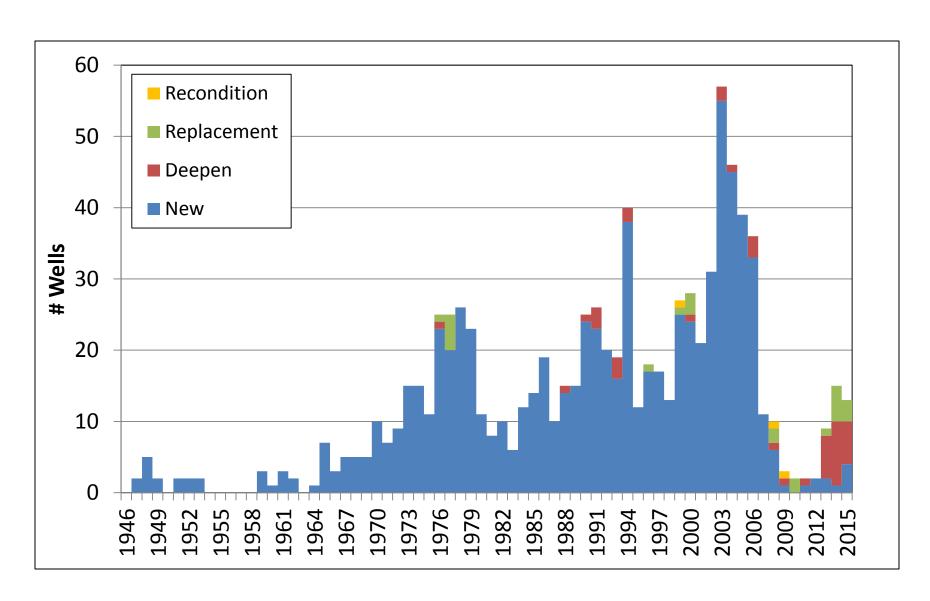
1000 - 2000

200 - 500

0 - 200



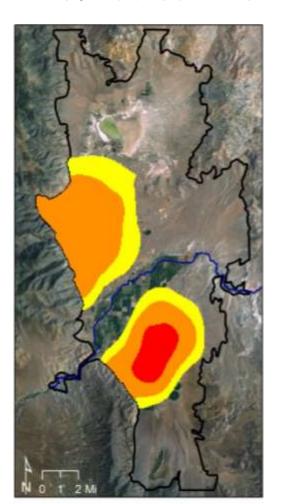
Smith Valley Domestic Wells



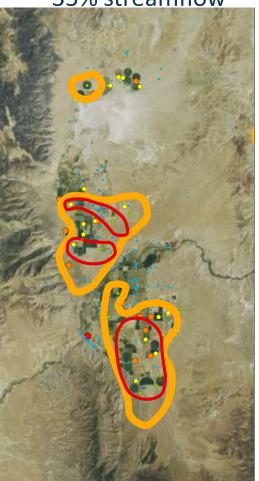
DRI Models - Water Level Changes

Smith Modeled Versus Observed

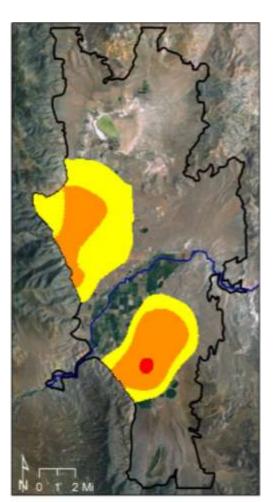
20% Streamflow



Measured Drawdown 35% streamflow

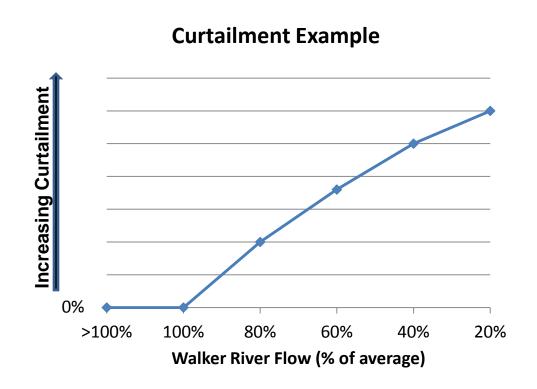


40% Streamflow



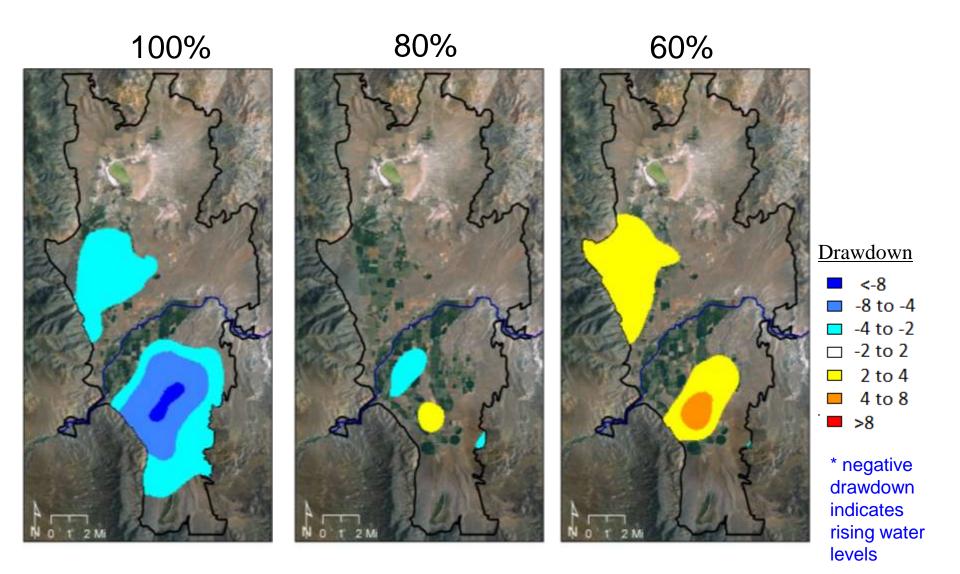
Discussion of Possible Curtailment in 2016

- Sliding scale
- Less curtailment if river flow is higher
- Priority dates
 determined for
 each
 curtailment

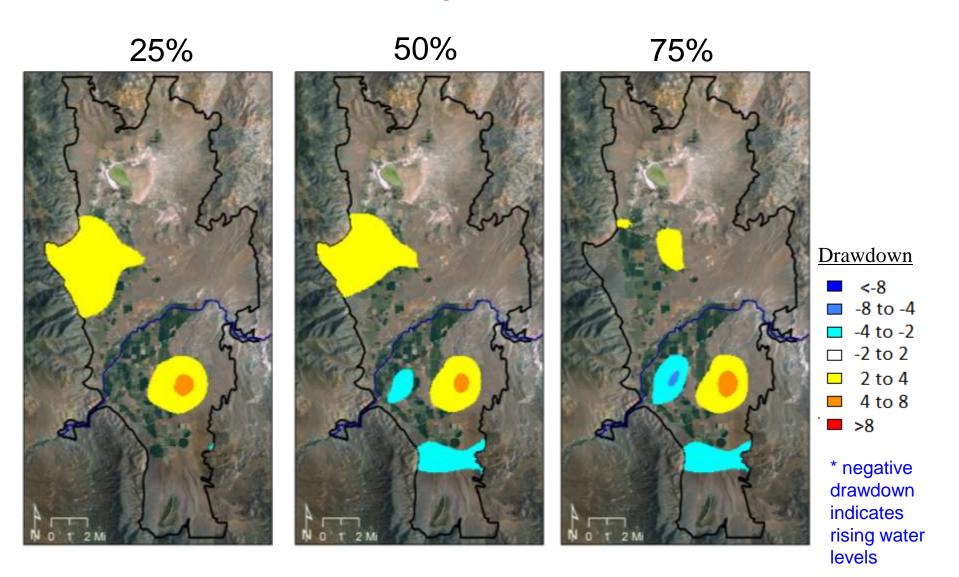


Smith - March to March Drawdown

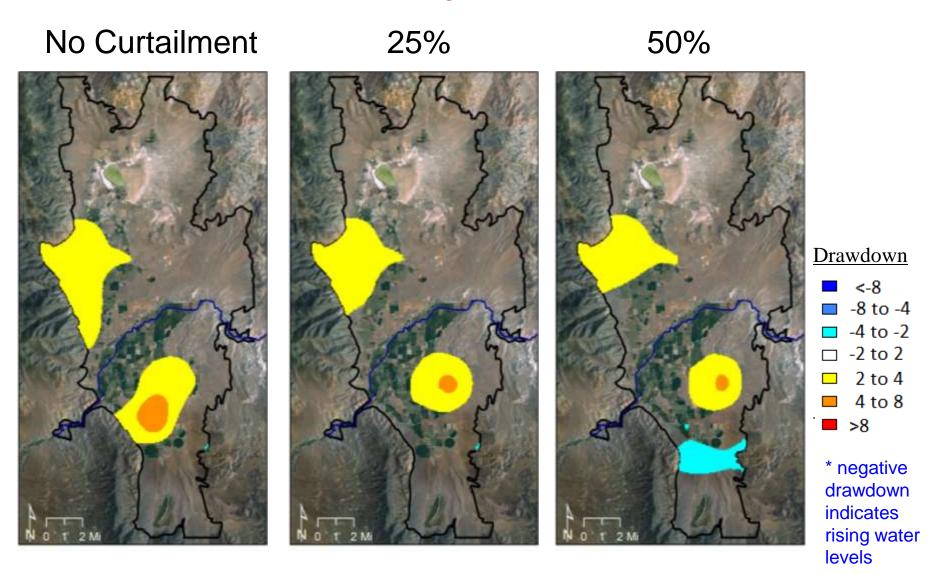
Streamflow shown, No curtailment



Streamflow = 60%

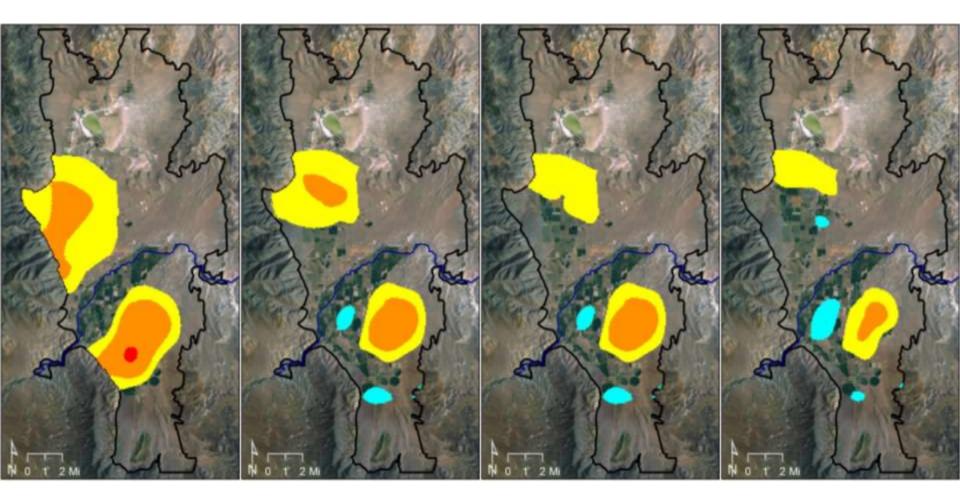


Streamflow = 50%



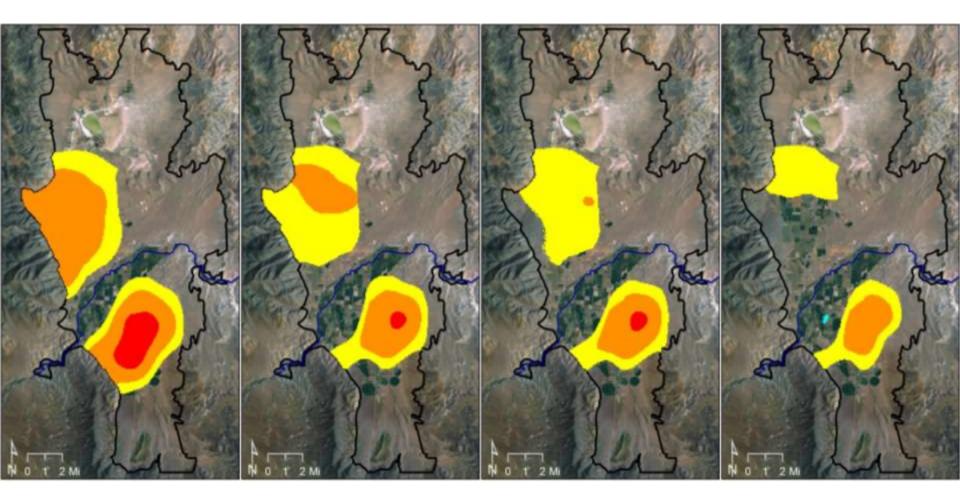
Streamflow = 40%

No Curtailment 70% 75% 100%



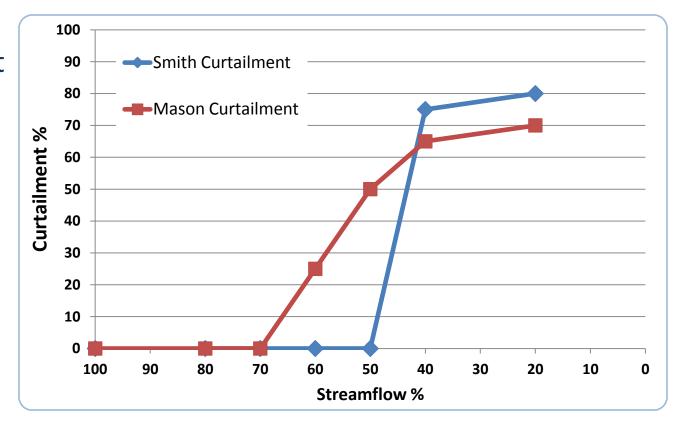
Streamflow = 20%

No Curtailment 75% 80% 100%



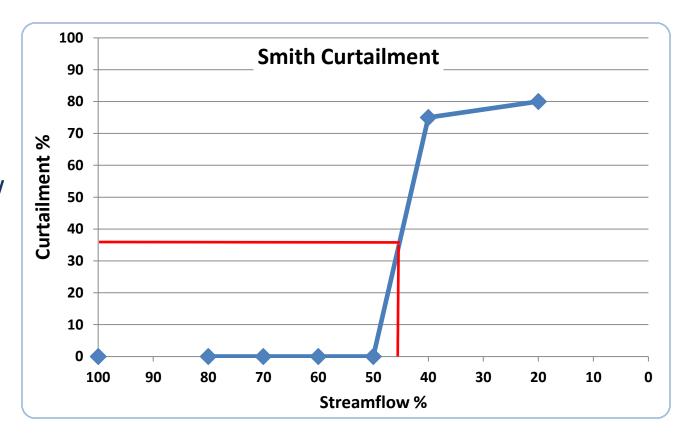
Curtailment Sliding Scale

- Sliding scale
- Less curtailment if river flow is higher
- Priority dates
 determined for
 each
 curtailment
- No curtailment at near normal or greater river flows



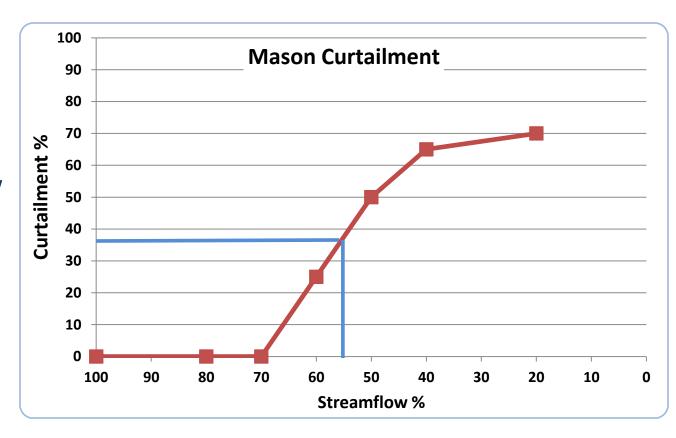
Curtailment Sliding Scale Example

- April 1 forecastis 45%
- Readcurtailment for45% streamflow
- Curtailment is 37.5%

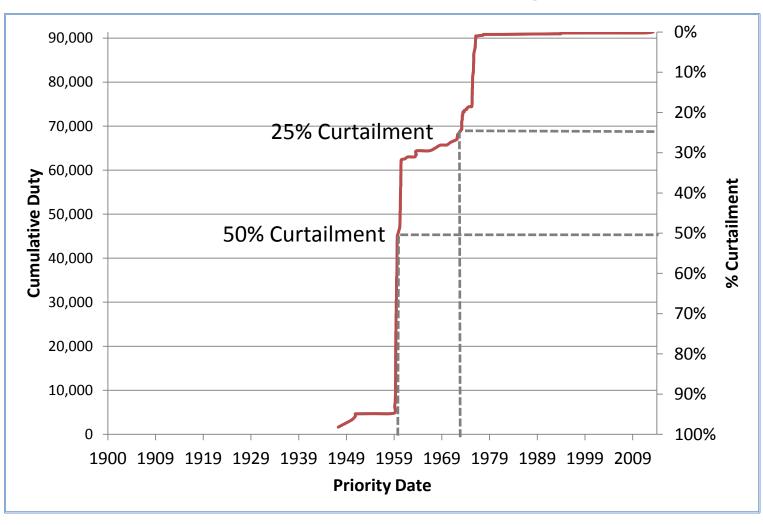


Curtailment Sliding Scale Example

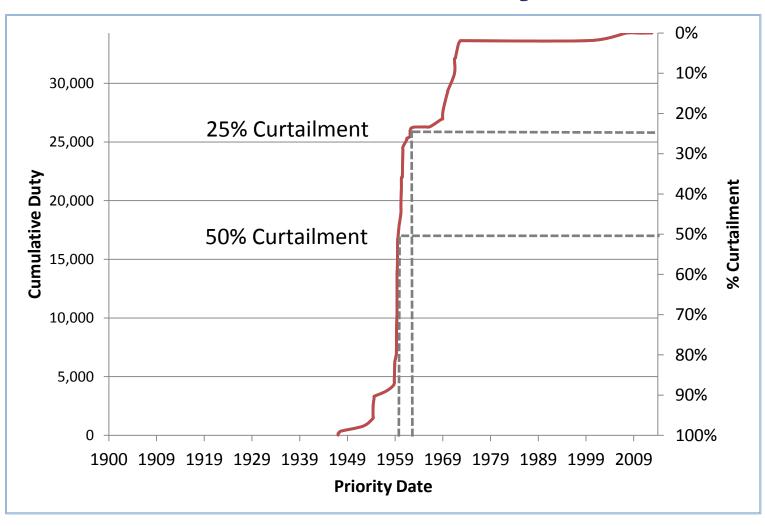
- April 1 forecast55% of average
- Read curtailment for 55% streamflow
- Curtailment is 37.5%



Supplemental Water Rights in Mason Valley



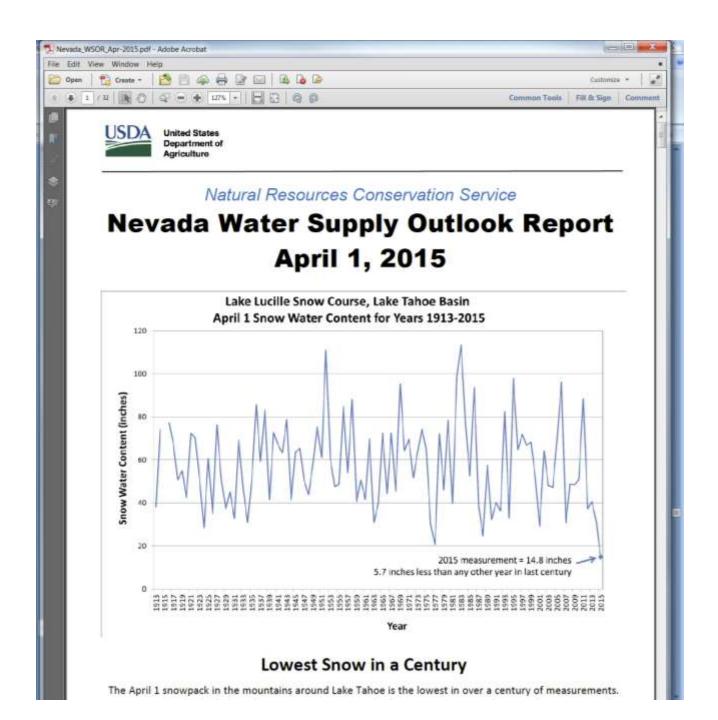
Supplemental Water Rights in Smith Valley



Streamflow Forecasts

NRCS April 1 Forecast for Water Supply

- Gages: West Walker nr Coleville and East Walker nr Bridgeport
- Best available forecast of water supply for Smith and Mason Valleys
- Data considered:
 - SNOTEL
 - Snow course
 - Total precipitation
 - Soil moisture
- Forecast updated monthly beginning January 1.
- http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/nv/snow/



Walker River Streamflow Forecasts - April 1, 2015

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast 90% 70% 50% 30% Forecast 10% 30yr Avg Walker River % Avg Period (KAF) (KAF) (KAF) (KAF) (KAF) (KAF) E Walker R nr Bridgeport APR-AUG 0.67 2 8 12% 24 46 67 MAY-AUG 0.59 1.77 10% 18.4 37 59 W Walker R bl L Walker nr Coalville APR-JUL 0 7.5 24 15% 40 162 5.1 MAY-JUL 0 21 15% 62 142 38 W Walker R nr Coalville APR-JUL 15.7 21 24 27 32 163 15% MAY-JUL 2.9 21 15% 59 0 143 114 Walker Lake Elevation Change¹ LOW-HIGH -5.9-3.5-2.4-170% -1.261.17 1.41

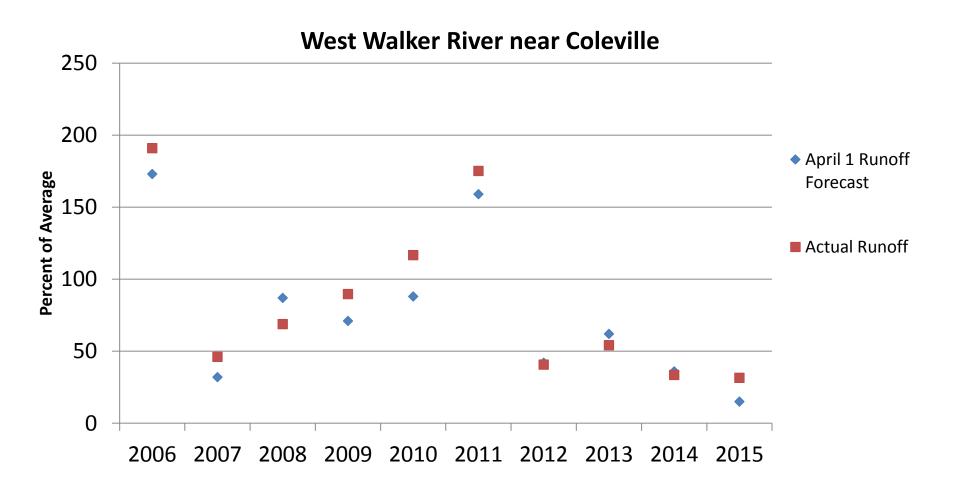
³⁾ Median value used in place of average

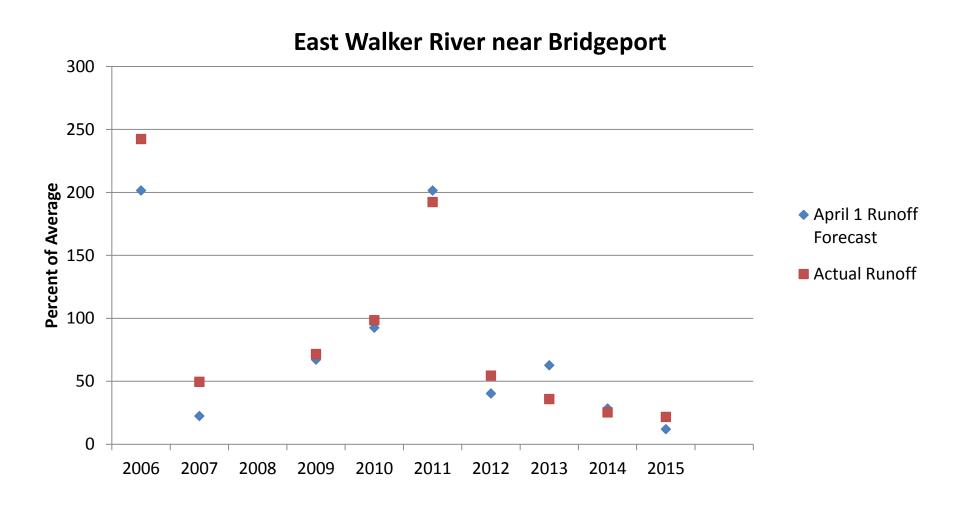
Reservoir Storage End of March, 2015	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
Bridgeport Reservoir	6.5	10.2	27.2	42.5
Topaz Lake	9.6	7.9	32.1	59.4
Basin-wide Total	16.1	18.0	59.3	101.9
# of reservoirs	2	2	2	2

Watershed Snowpack Analysis April 1, 2015	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
Walker River Basin	8	18%	44%
E. Walker Rv. Nr Bridgeport	4	4%	37%
W. Walker Rv. Nr Coleville	5	22%	48%

^{1) 90%} and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

²⁾ Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions





One water right and one Place of Use:

If the curtailment priority cut-off date is 4/1/1974.

Irrigated Acreage: 100 acres



Water Right:
100 Acres
400 Acre-Feet
Priority 10/9/1972

Total Limit: 400 Acre-Feet for the irrigation of 100 Acres

One water right and one Place of Use:

If the curtailment priority cut-off date is 3/1/1970

Irrigated Acreage: 100 acres



Water Right:
400 Acre-Feet
Priority 10/9/1972

Total Limit: 0 Acre-Feet for the irrigation of 0 acres

Multiple water rights, one Place of Use, AND THE WATER RIGHTS ARE ADDITIVE:

If the curtailment priority cut-off date is 4/1/1974



Total Limit: 100 Acre-Feet

Multiple water rights, one Place of Use, AND THE WATER RIGHTS ARE NOT ADDITIVE:

Without a curtailment in place



Total Limit: 400 Acre-Feet for the irrigation of 100 Acres

Multiple water rights, one Place of Use, AND THE WATER RIGHTS ARE **NOT ADDITIVE**:

If the curtailment priority cut-off date is 4/1/1974



Total Limit: 300 Acre-Feet for the irrigation of 75 Acres

Why Only Supplemental Rights are Curtailed

Basis for Curtailment of Supplemental Groundwater Rights

- Perennial Yield is the amount of groundwater that can be pumped every year without depleting the resource
- System Yield has been defined as the amount of surface and groundwater that can be used each year for an indefinite period of time.
- EXCEPT in the case of severe and prolonged drought, the continued reliance on groundwater as the primary water supply can result in unreasonable lowering of the water levels and depletion of the aquifer.

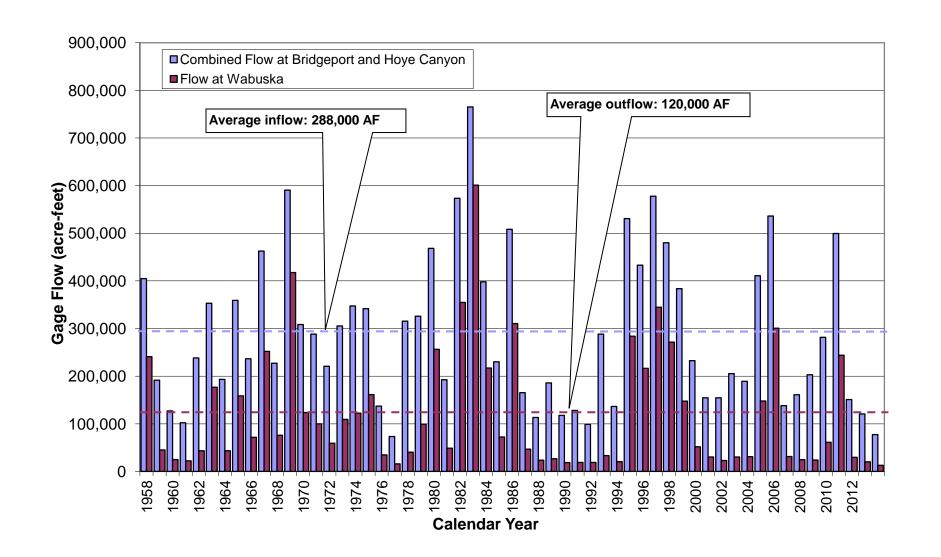
Water Budgets – Water Supply

- Mason Valley
 - Perennial yield of 25,000 af
 - Recharge from precipitation ~2,000 afa
 - All other recharge derived from Walker River and irrigation
 - Perennial yield assumes additional capture of ET by conversion of new acreage to cropland
 - System yield of 100,000 af (consumptive)
 - Includes surface water and groundwater (1948-1965)
 - Appropriation of supplemental groundwater allows for full system yield use in all years
 - Groundwater appropriations = 148,000 af
 - 91,000 af supplemental to surface water rights

Water Budgets – Water Supply

- Smith Valley
 - Perennial yield of 17,000 af
 - Recharge from precipitation = 17,000 afa
 - System yield of 62,000 af (consumptive)
 - Includes surface water and groundwater (1958-1972)
 - 17,000 afa recharge
 - 75,000 afa diversions
 - (-)30,000 afa return flow
 - Groundwater appropriations = 55,000 af
 - 34,000 af supplemental to surface water rights

Walker River Flows in Smith, Mason and East Walker Basins



Curtailment Order Review

- Targeted water level change of 4 feet or less
- Use existing groundwater flow models to simulate river flows and curtailment
- Curtailing supplemental irrigation only
- Sliding scale approach
 - Increasing curtailment when flows are lower
 - Priority tables available on our website (Water.nv.gov)
- Use April 1 NRCS forecast for determination of water supply
- Actual curtailment amount for 2016 to be determined in first week of April
- Curtailment may be adjusted (downward only) based on April and May precipitation, use NRCS May 1 and June 1 forecast

State Engineer Actions for 2016

- Draft Curtailment Orders in early September 2015
- Hearings in early October 2015
- Curtailment Orders issued in early October 2015
- Curtailment of supplemental groundwater only
- Use April 1, 2016 NRCS runoff estimates as basis
- Farmers have access to the same information as State Engineer in determining need for curtailment
- Continued high level of presence in both basins

